Expressions, Equations, and Functions

Leaning objectives: expressions, equations, overview of functions, domain and range, vertical line test

What is an **Expression?**

Expression - a "sentence" with at least two terms and a math operator.

- A term is a number or a number multiplied by a variable
- What is an operator? Operators are all the common math signs you know, like: +, -, x

Which of the following are not expressions*:

a)
$$2 + 7$$

An algebraic expression contains variables, while an Arithmetic expression does not.

What is an Equation?

Equations are very similar to expressions, but the key difference is that:

an Equation sets an expression or term equal to another expression or term using the equal sign

$$2x - 3 = 5$$
expression term

More examples:

a)
$$3x + 4 = 5$$

c)
$$23 + 4 = c$$

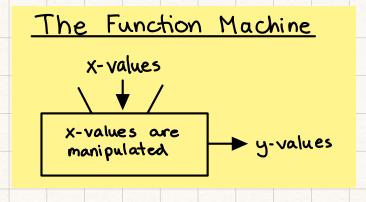
$$d) x + y = z$$

What is a Function?

Function - a relation between a set of inputs

- having one output each
- All functions have a domain and range
 - O Domain: input (x-values)
 - O Range: output (y-values)

• A function is usually denoted as f(x) read as "f of x" where x is the input and f(x) is the output.



 x-values go in, are manipulated, and come out as y-values

examples of functions:

$$a) y = x$$

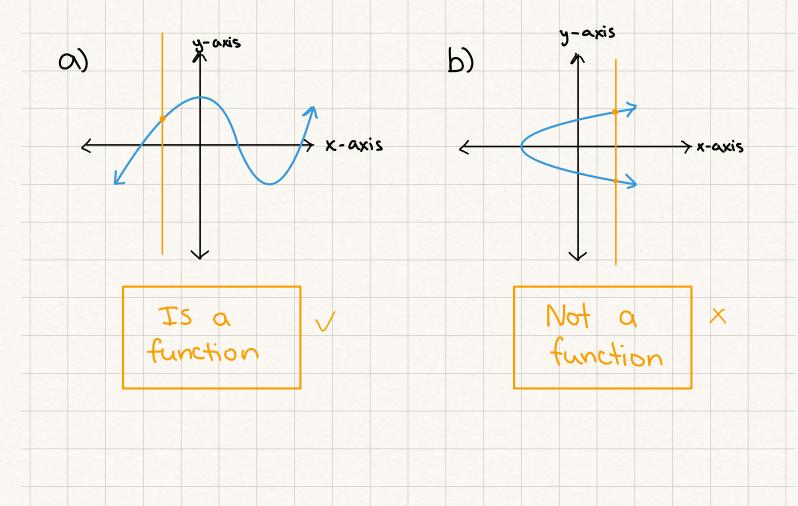
c)
$$f(x) = 4x + 4$$

b)
$$y = 6x + 9$$

d)
$$y = x^2 - 2x + 1$$

Vertical Line Test - a way to visually determine if a graph is a function by adding a vertical line through the graph.

- In a function, each x-value should have only ONE y-value
- If the vertical line crosses a graph more than once at any time, it is not a function



*the answer is C because it does not have a math operator